Targets Table Booklet



POVERTY



1.2

TARGETS INDICATORS

1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently 1.1.1 Proportion

- \equiv By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day 111 (urban/rural) by sex, age, employment status and geographical location Proportion of population below the international poverty line
- By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions
- Induction Destrictions

 Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems are appropriate social protection systems and Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems are appropriate systems.

1.3.1

Proportion of population covered by social protection

- 1.2.1 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by sex and age
 1.2.2 Proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions
- 1.3 Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable
 1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of
 - floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable

 Proportion of population living in households with access to basic services
- 1.5 By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters

financial services, including microfinance

property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and

1.4.1 Proportion of population living in households with access to basic services
1.4.2 Proportion of total adult population with secure tenure rights to land, with legally recognized documentation and who perceive their rights to land as secure, by sex and by type of tenure
1.5.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and persons affected by

including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions

1.A.1

1.A.2

Proportion of total government spending on essential

services (education, health and social protection)

to poverty reduction programmes

Proportion of resources allocated by the government directly

- 1.5.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and persons affected in disaster per 100,000 people
 1.5.2 Direct disaster economic loss in relation to global gross domestic product (GDP)a
 1.5.3 Number of countries with national and local disaster risk reduction strategies
- 1.B Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions
- **1.B.1** Proportion of government recurrent and capital spending to sectors that disproportionately benefit women, the poor and vulnerable groups

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2.1 By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the nutritious and sufficient food all year round poor and people in vulnerable situations, includi

eople, in particular the ling infants, to safe,	2.1.1	Prevalence of undernourishment
	2.1.2	Prevalence of moderate or severe food insecurity in the
		population, based on the Food Insecurity Experience Scale

(FIES)

- 2.2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the pregnant and lactating women and older persons 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under
- 2.2.2 2.2.1 Prevalence of malnutrition (weight for height >+2 or <-2 Prevalence of stunting (height for age <-2 standard deviation Standards) among children under 5 years of age, by type standard deviation from the median of the WHO Child Growth Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age (wasting and overweight) from the median of the World Health Organization (WHO)
- 2.3 services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers,

By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement

resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production,

sustainable agriculture

climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to

and that progressively improve land and soil quality

2.4.1 2.3.1 2.3.2 Proportion of agricultural area under productive and indigenous status farming/pastoral/forestry enterprise size Average income of small-scale food producers, by sex and

Volume of production per labour unit by classes of

- and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks internationally agreed genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species,
 - 2.5.1 Number of plant and animal genetic resources for food and conservation facilities agriculture secured in either medium or long-term
 - 2.5.2 Proportion of local breeds classified as being at risk, not-atrisk or at unknown level of risk of extinction

2.B



- expenditures The agriculture orientation index for government
- official flows) to the agriculture sector Total official flows (official development assistance plus other
- **Development Round** equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world
 - 2.B.2 2.B.1 Agricultural export subsidies **Producer Support Estimate**
- 2.C Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market
 - 2.0.1Indicator of food price anomalies

TARGETS	S	=	INDICATORS
3.1	3.1 By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births	3.1.1	Maternal mortality ratio
		3.1.2	Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel
3.2	By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years 3.2.1 Under-five mortality rat	3.2.1	Under-five mortality rate

as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births	By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least		100,000 live births
3.2.2	3.2.1	3.1.2	3.1.1
Neonatal mortality rate	Under-five mortality rate	Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel	3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio

3.4 ယ By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from noncommunicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected communicable diseases tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other 3.4.2 3.4.1 3.3.1 3.3.4 3.3.3 3.3 3.3.2 Suicide mortality rate diabetes or chronic respiratory disease Mortality rate attributed to cardiovascular disease, cancer, Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected Tuberculosis incidence per 1,000 population Number of people requiring interventions against neglected Hepatitis B incidence per 100,000 population population, by sex, age and key populations tronical dispases Malaria incidence per 1,000 population

	ယ
•	GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

	•	<	S	>	WELL-BEING	O HEALTH
	3.7		3.6			<u>မ</u> 5
programmes			By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents			3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol
279	3.7.1		3.6.1		3.5.2	3.5.1
Adolescent birth rate (aged 10-14 years; aged 15-19 years) per	Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15-49 years) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods		Death rate due to road traffic injuries		Harmful use of alcohol, defined according to the national context as alcohol per capita consumption (aged 15 years and older) within a calendar year in litres of pure alcohol	Coverage of treatment interventions (pharmacological, psychosocial and rehabilitation and aftercare services) for substance use disorders

	3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protect access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines
	ion, for all
3.8.2	3.8.1
Proportion of population with large household exponential on health as a share of total household expenditure income	Coverage of essential health services (defined as the coverage of essential services based on tracer inter that include reproductive, maternal, newborn and chealth, infectious diseases, non-communicable dise service capacity and access, among the general and disadvantaged population)

3.7.2

Adolescent birth rate (aged 10-14 years; aged 15-19 years) per 1,000 women in that age group

		By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination		Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all
3.9.3	3.9.2	3.9.1	3.8.2	3.8. 8.1
Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisoning	Mortality rate attributed to unsafe water, unsafe sanitation and lack of hygiene (exposure to unsafe Water, Sanitation and Hygiene for All (WASH) services)	Mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution	Proportion of population with large household expenditures on health as a share of total household expenditure or income	Coverage of essential health services (defined as the average coverage of essential services based on tracer interventions that include reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health, infectious diseases, non-communicable diseases and service capacity and access, among the general and the most disadvantaged population)

3.9

- 3.A Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate
 - 3.A.1 Age-standardized prevalence of current tobacco use among persons aged 15 years and older



3.B Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all

- **3.B.1** Proportion of the population with access to affordable medicines and vaccines on a sustainable basis
- **3.B.2** Total net official development assistance to medical research and basic health sectors
- Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States

3.C

- ment,
 3.C.1 Health worker density and distribution and small
- **3.D** Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks
 - **3.D.1** International Health Regulations (IHR) capacity and health emergency preparedness

4 EDUCATION

TARGETS

- 1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes
- INDICATORS
- 4.1.1 Proportion of children and young people: (a) in grades 2/3;
 (b) at the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics, by sex
- 4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education
 - Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial

well-being, by sex

4.2.1

- **4.2.2** Participation rate in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age), by sex
- 4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university
- Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and nonformal education and training in the previous 12 months, by

4.3.1

- By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship
 - Proportion of youth and adults with information and communications technology (ICT) skills, by type of skill

4.4.1



- 4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal vulnerable situations including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable,
- 4.5.1 Parity indices (female/male, rural/urban, bottom/top wealth all education indicators on this list that can be disaggregated quintile and others such as disability status, indigenous peoples and conflict-affected, as data become available) for
- 4.6 men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both
- 4.6.1
- (b) numeracy skills, by sex least a fixed level of proficiency in functional (a) literacy and Percentage of population in a given age group achieving at
- 4.7 By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender 4.1.1 contribution to sustainable development global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through
 - Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) (a) national education policies, (b) curricula, (c) teacher equality and human rights, are mainstreamed at all levels in: education and (d) student assessment education for sustainable development, including gender

4.7.1

- sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all
- Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity; (b) the pedagogical purposes; (d) adapted infrastructure and Internet for pedagogical purposes; (c) computers for
- handwashing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions)

water; (f) single-sex basic sanitation facilities; and (g) basic materials for students with disabilities; (e) basic drinking

- 4.B programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific higher education, including vocational training and information and small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships
 - 4.B.1 scholarships by sector and type of study Volume of official development assistance flows for
- through international cooperation for teacher training in developing By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including developing States countries, especially least developed countries and small island
- 4.C.1 training (e.g. pedagogical training) pre-service or in-service Proportion of teachers in: (a) pre-primary; (b) primary; (c) required for teaching at the relevant level in a given country lower secondary; and (d) upper secondary education who have received at least the minimum organized teacher

+(1)

- 5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation
 - **5.1.1** Whether or not legal frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex
- - 5.2.1 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age
 5.2.2 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by age and place of occurrence
- 5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation
- **5.3.1** Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 15 and before age 18

Proportion of girls and women aged 15-49 years who have

undergone female genital mutilation/cutting, by age

5.3.2

Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate

5.4

- Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work by sex, age and location
- 5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life
- 5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments and local governments5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions
- reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences
- 5.6.1 Proportion of women aged 15-49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care
 5.6.2 Number of countries with laws and regulations that
- 5.6.2 Number of countries with laws and regulations that guarantee women aged 15-49 years access to sexual and reproductive health care, information and education





- 5.A.1 (a) Proportion of total agricultural population with ownership or secure rights over agricultural land, by sex; and (b) share of women among owners or rights-bearers of agricultural land, by type of tenure
- **5.A.2** Proportion of countries where the legal framework (including customary law) guarantees women's equal rights to land ownership and/or control
- **5.B** Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women
 - **5.B.1** Proportion of individuals who own a mobile telephone, by sex
- 5.0 Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels
- **5.C.1** Proportion of countries with systems to track and make public allocations for gender equality and women's empowerment

6 GLEAN WATER AND SANITATION

IAKGEIS

INDICATORS

- 6.1 By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all
- **6.1.1** Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services
- **6.2** By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations
 - Proportion of population using safely managed sanitation services, including a hand-washing facility with soap and water

6.2.1

- **6.3** By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally
 - **6.3.1** Proportion of wastewater safely treated
- **6.3.2** Proportion of bodies of water with good ambient water quality
- **6.4** By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity
 - Change in water-use efficiency over time

6.4.1

6.4.2 Level of water stress: freshwater withdrawal as a proportion of available freshwater resources

6 GLEAN WATER AND SANITATION



6.5 By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate

- **6.5.1** Degree of integrated water resources management implementation (0-100)
- **6.5.2** Proportion of transboundary basin area with an operational arrangement for water cooperation
- **6.6** By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes
- **6.6.1** Change in the extent of water-related ecosystems over time
- 6.A By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies
- **6.A.1** Amount of water- and sanitation-related official development assistance that is part of a government-coordinated spending plan
- **6.B** Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management
- **6.B.1** Proportion of local administrative units with established and operational policies and procedures for participation of local communities in water and sanitation management

AFFORDABLE AND GLEAN ENERGY

TARGETS

- 7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services
- **7.1.1** Proportion of population with access to electricity

INDICATORS

- **7.1.2** Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology
- 7.2 By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix
 - **7.2.1** Renew
 - Renewable energy share in the total final energy consumption
- **7.3** By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency
- **7.3.1** Energy intensity measured in terms of primary energy and GDP
- 7.A By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology
 - **7.A.1** International financial flows to developing countries in support of clean energy research and development and renewable energy production, including in hybrid systems
- 7.B By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States, and land-locked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support
 - Investments in energy efficiency as a percentage of GDP and the amount of foreign direct investment in financial transfer for infrastructure and technology to sustainable development

7.B.1

c
DEGENT WORK AND EGONOMIC GROWTH



- . ယ 8 2 Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, 8.3.1 product growth per annum in the least developed countries Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification high-value added and labour-intensive sectors circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on 8.2.1 Proportion of informal employment in non-agriculture Annual growth rate of real GDP per capita employment, by sex Annual growth rate of real GDP per employed person
- sized enterprises, including through access to financial services encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-
- Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production, with developed countries taking the lead growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-year consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic 8.4.2 8.4.1 per GDP Domestic material consumption, domestic material footprint per GDP Material footprint, material footprint per capita, and material consumption per capita, and domestic material consumption

8.4

- . 5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value women and men, including for young people and persons with 8.5.1 occupation, age and persons with disabilities Average hourly earnings of female and male employees, by
- By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, 8.6.1 8.5.2 Proportion of youth (aged 15-24 years) not in education, Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities

employment or training

modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end

education or training

- 8.7.1 in child labour, by sex and age Proportion and number of children aged 5–17 years engaged
- Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments and those in precarious employment for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants,
- ... 8.1 8.8.2 association and collective bargaining) based on International Increase in national compliance of labour rights (freedom of by sex and migrant status Frequency rates of fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries,

legislation, by sex and migrant status

Labour Organization (ILO) textual sources and national

O ECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products

8.9.1Tourism direct GDP as a proportion of total GDP and in growth rate

8 9 7 Number of jobs in tourism industries as a proportion of

8.9.2 Number of jobs in tourism industries as a proportion of total jobs and growth rate of jobs, by sex

3.10 Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all

8.10.1 Number of commercial bank branches and automated teller machines (ATMs) per 100,000 adults

8.10.2 Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider

8.A Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-Related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries

8.A.1 Aid for Trade commitments and disbursements

8.B By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization

TARGETS

8.B.1 Total government spending in social protection and employment programmes as a proportion of the national budgets and GDP

INDICATORS

- 9.1 Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all
 - **9.1.1** Proportion of the rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road
 - **9.1.2** Passenger and freight volumes, by mode of transport
- 9.2 Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries
 9.3 Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in
 - 9.2.1 Manufacturing value added as a proportion of GDP and per capita9.2.2 Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment
- Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets
- 9.3.1 Proportion of small-scale industries in total industry value added
 9.3.2 Proportion of small-scale industries with a loan or line of credit



9.5

9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them respective capabilities of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their

CO2 emission per unit of value added

- including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of
- 9.5.2 9.5.1

Research and development expenditure as a proportion of

Researchers (in full-time equivalent) per million inhabitants

9.A Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and landlocked developing countries and small island developing States technical support to African countries, least developed countries,

and public and private research and development spending

the number of research and development workers per 1 million people

- 9.A.1 assistance plus other official flows) to infrastructure Total official international support (official development
- 9.B Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy commodities environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to
 - 9.B.1 total value added Proportion of medium and high-tech industry value added in
- 9.C Significantly increase access to information and communications Internet in least developed countries by 2020 technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the
 - 9.C.1 Proportion of population covered by a mobile network, by technology

TARGETS

INDICATORS

- By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average
- 10.1.1 Growth rates of household expenditure or income per capita among the bottom 40 per cent of the population and the total population
- 10.2 By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status
 - 10.2.1 Proportion of people living below 50 per cent of median income, by age, sex and persons with disabilities
- 10.3 Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting
- 10.3.1 Proportion of the population reporting having personally felt months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law discriminated against or harassed within the previous 12



10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality **10.4.1** Labour share of GDP, comprising wages and social protection transfers

10.5	Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations	10.5.1	Financial Soundness Indicators
10.6		10.6.1	Proportion of members and voting rights of developing countries in international organizations
	Institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions		
10.7	ar and responsible migration and mobility of ne implementation of planned and well-	10.7.1	Recruitment cost borne by employee as a proportion of yearly income earned in country of destination
	managed migration policies	10.7.2	Number of countries that have implemented well-managed migration policies
10.A	Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for	10 A 1	Proportion of tariff lines applied to imports from least
	developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements		developed countries and developing countries with zero-tariff
10.B	1g	10.B.1	Total resource flows for development, by recipient and donor countries and type of flow (e.g. official development assistance, foreign direct investment and other flows)
	developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes		
10.C	By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5	10.C.1	Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted

per cent

SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES



older persons

vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and

ETS INDICA

11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums
 11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in

11.2.1

Proportion of population that has convenient access to public

11.1.1 Proportion of urban population living in slums, informal settlements or inadequate housing

11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries

11.3.1

Ratio of land consumption rate to population growth rate

Proportion of cities with a direct participation structure of civil

society in urban planning and management that operate

regularly and democratically

11.3.2

- transport, by sex, age and persons with disabilities
- 11.4 Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage
- 11.4.1 Total expenditure (public and private) per capita spent on the preservation, protection and conservation of all cultural and natural heritage, by type of heritage (cultural, natural, mixed and World Heritage Centre designation), level of government (national, regional and local/municipal), type of expenditure (operating expenditure/investment) and type of private funding (donations in kind, private non-profit sector and snonsorshin)
- people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations

 11.5.1
 - **11.5.1** Number of deaths, missing persons and persons affected by disaster per 100,000 peoplea
- 5.2 Direct disaster economic loss in relation to global GDP, including disaster damage to critical infrastructure and disruption of basic servicesa
- 11.6 By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management
- **11.6.1** Proportion of urban solid waste regularly collected and with adequate final discharge out of total urban solid waste generated, by cities

Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and

PM10) in cities (population weighted)

11.6.2

- 11.7 By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities
- 11.7.1 Average share of the built-up area of cities that is open space for public use for all, by sex, age and persons with disabilities11.7.2 Proportion of persons victim of physical or sexual
- Proportion of persons victim of physical or sexual harassment, by sex, age, disability status and place of occurrence, in the previous 12 months



- Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning
- 11.A.1 Proportion of population living in cities that implement urban projections and resource needs, by size of city and regional development plans integrating population
- 11.B By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to holistic disaster risk management at all levels line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans
 - 11.B.1 Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030a Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai
- 11.C Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings
- 11.B.2 Number of countries with national and local disaster risk reduction strategiesa
- utilizing local materials
- 11.C.1 utilizing local materials of sustainable, resilient and resource-efficient buildings countries that is allocated to the construction and retrofitting Proportion of financial support to the least developed

TARGETS

INDICATORS

- 12.1 Implement the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries consumption and production, all countries taking action, with developed
 - 12.1.1 Number of countries with sustainable consumption and as a priority or a target into national policies production (SCP) national action plans or SCP mainstreamed
- 12.2 By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources
- 12.2.1 Material footprint, material footprint per capita, and material footprint per GDP

Domestic material consumption, domestic material

consumption per capita, and domestic material consumption

12.2.2

per GDP

By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses 12.3.1 Global food loss index

12.3

- 12.4 and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals health and the environment water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air
- 12.4.1 meet their commitments and obligations in transmitting Number of parties to international multilateral environmental information as required by each relevant agreement agreements on hazardous waste, and other chemicals that
- 12.4.2 Hazardous waste generated per capita and proportion of hazardous waste treated, by type of treatment



	່ວາ
reduction, recycling and reuse	By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention,

12.

- n prevention, 12.5.1 National recycling rate, tons of material recycled
- **12.6** Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle
 - 12.6.1 Number of companies publishing sustainability reports
- 12.7 Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance 12.7.1 with national policies and priorities
 12.7 By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information 12.7.1
 - Number of countries implementing sustainable public procurement policies and action plans
- **12.8** By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature
- **12.8.1** Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development (including climate change education) are mainstreamed in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment
- **12.A** Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production
 - **12.A.1** Amount of support to developing countries on research and development for sustainable consumption and production and environmentally sound technologies
- **12.B** Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products
- **12.B.1** Number of sustainable tourism strategies or policies and implemented action plans with agreed monitoring and evaluation tools
- Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities
 - **12.C.1** Amount of fossil-fuel subsidies per unit of GDP (production and consumption) and as a proportion of total national expenditure on fossil fuels



<u>ಪ</u> Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries

13.1.3 Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement disaster risk reduction strategies local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national

INDICATORS

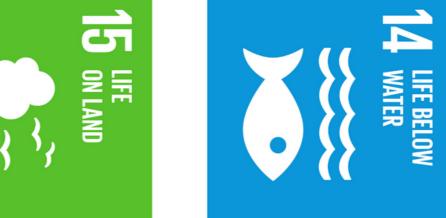
- Number of deaths, missing persons and persons affected by disaster per 100,000 people
- reduction strategies Number of countries with national and local disaster risk
- 13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning

13.2.1 Number of countries that have communicated the resilience and low greenhouse gas emissions development in the adverse impacts of climate change, and foster climate national adaptation plan, nationally determined contribution, a manner that does not threaten food production (including a policy/strategy/plan which increases their ability to adapt to national communication, biennial update report or other) establishment or operationalization of an integrated

- <u>ည</u> ယ Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional early warning capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and
- 13.3.1 Number of countries that have integrated mitigation, secondary and tertiary curricula adaptation, impact reduction and early warning into primary,
- Number of countries that have communicated the capacity-building to implement adaptation, mitigation and strengthening of institutional, systemic and individual technology transfer, and development actions
- 13.A Implement the commitment undertaken by developed-country parties to operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful of mobilizing jointly \$100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal
 - 13.A.1 Mobilized amount of United States dollars per year starting in 2020 accountable towards the \$100 billion commitment
- 13.B Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate changerelated planning and management in least developed countries and small and marginalized communities island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local
- change. intergovernmental forum for negotiating the global response to climate Climate Change is the primary international, * Acknowledging that the United Nations Framework Convention on
 - Number of least developed countries and small island including focusing on women, youth and local and effective climate change-related planning and management, capacity-building, for mechanisms for raising capacities for marginalized communities amount of support, including finance, technology and developing States that are receiving specialized support, and

14.1 By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in 14.1.1 Index

- by 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and de nutrient pollution
- 14.1.1 Index of coastal eutrophication and floating plastic debris density
- 14.2 By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans
 - 14.2.1 Proportion of national exclusive economic zones managed using ecosystem-based approaches
- 14.3 Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification, including through enhanced scientific cooperation at all levels
- **14.3.1** Average marine acidity (pH) measured at agreed suite of representative sampling stations
- 14.4 By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics
 - 14.4.1 Proportion of fish stocks within biologically sustainable levels
- 14.5 By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information
- **14.5.1** Coverage of protected areas in relation to marine areas
- 14.6 By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, eliminate subsidies that contribute to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizing that appropriate and effective special and differential treatment for developing and least developed countries should be an integral part of the World Trade Organization fisheries subsidies negotiation
 - **14.6.1** Progress by countries in the degree of implementation of international instruments aiming to combat illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing
- 14.7 By 2030, increase the economic benefits to Small Island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism
 - **4.7.1** Sustainable fisheries as a percentage of GDP in small island developing States, least developed countries and all countries
- 14.A Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology, taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular small island developing States and least developed countries
 - **14.A.1** Proportion of total research budget allocated to research in the field of marine technology





14.B.1 Progress by countries in the degree of application of a recognizes and protects access rights for small-scale fisheries legal/regulatory/policy/institutional framework which

14.C use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of The Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their Future We Want which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable resources by implementing international law as reflected in UNCLOS,

14.C.1 sustainable use of the oceans and their resources international law, as reflected in the United Nation Number of countries making progress in ratifying, accepting Convention on the Law of the Sea, for the conservation and frameworks, ocean-related instruments that implement and implementing through legal, policy and institutional

TARGETS

INDICATORS

15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of obligations under international agreements particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in

> 15.1.1 Forest area as a proportion of total land area

15.1.2 Proportion of important sites for terrestrial and freshwater ecosystem type biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, by

15.2 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and

15.2.1

Progress towards sustainable forest management

15.3 a land degradation-neutral world By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve

15.3.1

Proportion of land that is degraded over total land area

15.4 By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their are essential for sustainable development biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that

15.4.1

Coverage by protected areas of important sites for mountain biodiversity

15.4.2 Mountain Green Cover Index

15.5 Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent

the extinction of threatened species

15.5.1 Red List Index



		15.6
resources, as internationally agreed	utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such	Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the

15.6.1

Number of countries that have adopted legislative,

administrative and policy frameworks to ensure fair and

equitable sharing of benefits

- 15.7.1 Proportion of traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked
- 15.7 Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife
- 15.8 By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly and control or eradicate the priority species reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems
- 15.8.1 Proportion of countries adopting relevant national legislation and adequately resourcing the prevention or control of invasive alien species
- 15.9 By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and accounts local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and
- 15.9.1 Progress towards national targets established in accordance with Aichi Biodiversity Target 2 of the Strategic Plan for Biodiversity 2011-2020
- 15.A conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to
- 15.A.1 Official development assistance and public expenditure on conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and
- 15.B developing countries to advance such management, including for sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance conservation and reforestation
 - 15.B.1 Official development assistance and public expenditure on ecosystems conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and
- 15.C Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local
 - 15.C.1 Proportion of traded wildlife that was poached or illicitly trafficked

INDICATORS



16.2 End abuse, exploitation torture of children		*	*	STITUTIONS 16.1 Significantly reduce all everywhere
End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children		_	_	Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere
16.2.1	16.1.4	16.1.3	16.1.2	16.1.1
16.2.1 Proportion of children aged 1-17 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by	Proportion of population that feel safe walking alone around the area they live	16.1.3 Proportion of population subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months	Conflict-related deaths per 100,000 population, by sex, age and cause	Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population, by sex and age

16.2.3 P	16.2.2 N	16.2.1 P
Proportion of young women and men aged 18–29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18	Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation	physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month

16.3 Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all

6.3.1	Proportion of victims of violence in the previous 12 months who reported their victimization to competent authorities or other officially recognized conflict resolution mechanisms
6.3.2	Unsentenced detainees as a proportion of overall prison population

16.4 By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime

16.4.1 Total value of inward and outward illicit financial flows (in current United States dollars)

16.4.2 Proportion of seized, found or surrendered arms whose illicit

origin or context has been traced or established by a

competent authority in line with international instruments

16.5 Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms

			16.5.1
12 months	asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous	public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were	Proportion of persons who had at least one contact with a

16.5.2 Proportion of businesses that had at least one contact with a public official and that paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials during the previous 12 months



	STRONG INSTITUTIONS	PEAGE AND JUSTICE
16.7		16.6
3 m		

Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels

16.6.1

Primary government expenditures as a proportion of original

approved budget, by sector (or by budget codes or similar)

16.6.2

Proportion of the population satisfied with their last

experience of public services

making at all levels Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-

- 16.7.1

16.7.2

population group

Proportion of population who believe decision-making is

national distributions

inclusive and responsive, by sex, age, disability and

Proportions of positions (by sex, age, persons with disabilities

local legislatures, public service, and judiciary) compared to and population groups) in public institutions (national and

16.8 Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance

16.9

By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration

16.9.1

Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have

been registered with a civil authority, by age

- 16.8.1 Proportion of members and voting rights of developing countries in international organizations
- 16.10 Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements
- **16.10.1** Number of verified cases of killing, kidnapping, enforced rights advocates in the previous 12 months disappearance, arbitrary detention and torture of journalists, associated media personnel, trade unionists and human
- **16.10.2** Number of countries that adopt and implement constitutional, statutory and/or policy guarantees for public access to information
- 16.A Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime
 - 16.A.1 Existence of independent national human rights institutions in compliance with the Paris Principles
- 16.B Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development
- 16.B.1 Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months international human rights law on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under

TARGETS INDICATORS

FINANCE

- 17.1 Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through capacity for tax and other revenue collection international support to developing countries, to improve domestic

17.1.1

Proportion of domestic budget funded by domestic taxes

Total government revenue as a proportion of GDP, by source

- 17.2 countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of ODA/GNI to developing Developed countries to implement fully their official development countries; ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed
 - 17.2.1 Development Assistance Committee donors' gross national developed countries, as a proportion of the Organization for Net official development assistance, total and to least Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)
- 17.3 Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources
- 17.3.1 Foreign direct investments (FDI), official development assistance and South-South Cooperation as a proportion of total domestic budget

17.3.2

Volume of remittances (in United States dollars) as a

proportion of total GDP

- through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external
 - 17.4.1 Debt service as a proportion of exports of goods and services
- 17.5 Adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries
- 17.5.1 Number of countries that adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries

TECHNOLOGY

- 17.6 Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology innovation and enhance knowledge sharing on mutually agreed terms, international cooperation on and access to science, technology and facilitation mechanism
 - 17.6.1 Number of science and/or technology cooperation cooperation agreements and programmes between countries, by type of
- 17.6.2 Fixed Internet broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants,



17.7 Promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of mutually agreed favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on

> Total amount of approved funding for developing countries to diffusion of environmentally sound technologies promote the development, transfer, dissemination and

17.8 Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and information and communications technology innovation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular

> 17.8.1 Proportion of individuals using the Internet

CAPACITY-BUILDING

17.9 Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation implement all the sustainable development goals, including through capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to

> 17.9.1 cooperation) committed to developing countries Dollar value of financial and technical assistance (including through North-South, South-South and triangular

TRADE

17.10 Promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable 17.10.1 Worldwide weighted tariff-average multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organization, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda

- 17.11 Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular exports by 2020 with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global
 - 17.11.1 Developing countries' and least developed countries' share of global exports
- 17.12 transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access

17.12.1 Average tariffs faced by developing countries, least developed countries and small island developing States

	17.13
coordination and policy coherence	Enhance global macroeconomic stability, including through policy
	17.13.1
	Macroeconomic Dashboard

- 17.14 Enhance policy coherence for sustainable development
- 17.14.1 Number of countries with mechanisms in place to enhance policy coherence of sustainable development
- 17.15 implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development Respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and

Multi-stakeholder partnerships

- 17.15.1 Extent of use of country-owned results frameworks and planning tools by providers of development cooperation
- 17.16 17.17 achievement of the sustainable development goals in all countries, in Enhance the global partnership for sustainable development, complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share particular developing countries knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, to support the
 - 17.16.1 Number of countries reporting progress in multi-stakeholder goals support the achievement of the sustainable development development effectiveness monitoring frameworks that
- Encourage and promote effective public, public-private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of
 - 17.17.1 Amount of United States dollars committed to public-private and civil society partnerships

Data, monitoring and accountability

- By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries relevant in national contexts migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and including for least developed countries and small island developing
 - 17.18.1 Proportion of sustainable development indicators produced at the national level with full disaggregation when relevant to Official Statistics the target, in accordance with the Fundamental Principles of
- 17.18.2 Number of countries that have national statistical legislation Statistics that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official
- 17.18.3 Number of countries with a national statistical plan that is fully funded and under implementation, by source of funding
- By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic
 - 17.19.1 Dollar value of all resources made available to strengthen statistical capacity in developing countries
- 17.19.2 Proportion of countries that (a) have conducted at least one death registration have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent population and housing census in the last 10 years; and (b)

Notes

Notes